Southeast District Rifle Test Bank

General Multiple Choice Questions:

1.) “Follow through” means:
   A.) opening your bolt after firing
   B.) maintaining your “hold” until well after the shot breaks
   C.) look to see where you hit
   D.) applies only to basketball

2.) The major parts of a rifle are:
   A.) bolt, stock, trigger
   B.) sights, forearm, stock
   C.) trigger, bolt, barrel
   D.) stock, barrel, action

3.) A peep is an example of a(n):
   A.) optical sight
   B.) open sight
   C.) aperture sight
   D.) variable scope sight

4.) Is a .22 long rifle cartridge a:
   A.) rim fire
   B.) center fire
   C.) belted
   D.) none of the above

5.) The safety on a firearm is:
   A.) located by the trigger guard
   B.) a mechanical device which can fail
   C.) a positive way to keep the trigger from being pulled
   D.) pushed to “fire” position when ready to hunt

6.) A firearm should be stored:
   A.) loaded and in a case
   B.) soaked in cleaning solvent
   C.) locked together with ammunition
   D.) unloaded, cleaned and locked

7.) The four types of rifle action are:
   A.) pump, lever, bolt, double-barrel
   B.) single shot, pump, auto loading, lever
   C.) bolt, lever, semi auto, pump
   D.) single shot, lever, bolt, pump
8.) The part of a rifle that allows a shooter to load, shoot, and unload the rifle is called the”
   A.) bolt
   B.) safety
   C.) action
   D.) breech block

9.) The most challenging shooting position to master is the:
   A.) kneeling position
   B.) sitting position
   C.) standing position
   D.) prone position

10.) When picking up or accepting a firearm from another person, you should determine if the:
    A.) safety is on
    B.) firearm is unloaded
    C.) magazine is in place
    D.) barrel is obstructed

11.) The .22 long rifle is dangerous as far as:
     A.) Under 400 yards.
     B.) 1 mile and over.
     C.) 10 miles
     D.) 10 yards

12.) The key to squeezing the trigger is called what?
     A.) shooting
     B.) sight picture control
     C.) position
     D.) trigger control

13.) Sights used on a rifle are:
     A.) open, peep, bead
     B.) peep, ramp, bead
     C.) open, optical, aperture
     D.) open, ramp, telescopic

14.) Ammunition should be kept in a ___________________ dry place.
     A.) Hot
     B.) Cool
     C.) Public
     D.) None of the Above
15.) Together the lands and grooves inside the barrel are known as ___________.
   A.) Rifling
   B.) Bore
   C.) Muzzle
   D.) Action

16.) The two basic types of rifle cartridges are _________ and _________________.
   A.) Rimfire, Centerfire
   B.) Dry, Centerfire
   C.) Rimfire, Shell
   D.) All of the Above

17.) Sight adjustment is done by moving the rear sight in the ________________ direction you want your shot or group to move.
   A.) Same
   B.) Opposite
   C.) Don’t’ every move
   D.) None of the Above

18.) ____________ is trying to keep the aligned sights aimed as closed as possible on the center of the target.
   A.) Breath Control
   B.) Follow-Through
   C.) Trigger Control
   D.) Sight Picture Control

19.) If your left eye is dominant what shoulder do you shoulder your rifle to?
   A.) Right
   B.) Does not matter
   C.) Left

20.) The ___________ is the container into which the other ammunition parts are assembled.
   A.) Primer
   B.) Rimfire
   C.) Bullet
   D.) Case

21.) The technique of practicing the fundamentals of shooting with an unloaded rifle is called ___________.
   A.) Live firing
   B.) Getting into position
   C.) Dry Firing
   D.) Sight Adjustment
22.) Once you have your best sight picture, _____________ the trigger straight back in a smooth, controlled motion until the rifle fires.
   A.) Pull
   B.) Jerk
   C.) Squeeze
   D.) Push

23.) The first thing to do when handling a firearm is:
   A.) put safety on
   B.) pull the trigger to be sure it is not loaded
   C.) point the muzzle in a safe direction
   D.) check the sights

24.) A firearm can be considered unloaded when:
   A.) a responsible person tells you that it is unloaded
   B.) you have watched the gun fire until it is empty
   C.) you have checked the chamber and magazine yourself
   D.) you didn’t put any ammunition in it

25.) Which direction should you point your muzzle?
   A.) down range
   B.) point it up
   C.) at your dog
   D.) a and b

26.) A good backstop for shooting would be:
   A.) lake
   B.) rock wall
   C.) old Car body
   D.) hill without rocks

27.) “Cease fire” means:
   A.) lay your rifle down immediately
   B.) stop immediately and open the action
   C.) finish firing the shot you are now shooting
   D.) both a. and b.

28.) If your rifle jams during competition, you should:
   A.) keep it pointed down range and raise your hand for help
   B.) squeeze trigger a second time
   C.) remove it from the line and clear the action
   D.) sit down and remove the bolt
29.) When transporting a firearm, you should:
   A.) have it beside you
   B.) have it unloaded and action open
   C.) have it loaded for a quick shot
   D.) none of the above

30.) Two of the standard range commands you may hear a Range Officer use are.
   A.) Start Firing, Stop Firing
   B.) Commence Firing, Cease Firing
   C.) None of the Above

31.) It is important to know what is ______________ your target is.
   A.) Ground
   B.) In front of
   C.) Beyond
   D.) None of the Above

32.) Which firearm carry provides the best muzzle control:
   A.) two-hand carry
   B.) prone
   C.) cradle carry
   D.) elbow carry

33.) When cleaning your rifle you should make sure the ______________ is open and the rifle is ______________.
   A.) Barrel, Action
   B.) Action, Unloaded
   C.) Oil, Clean
   D.) None of the Above

34.) Who is allowed to call a “cease fire”?
   A.) the range officer
   B.) no one
   C.) anyone
   D.) the Governor

35.) The gauge or caliber of firearm is stamped on the:
   A.) outside of the barrel
   B.) inside of the chamber
   C.) end of the butt pad
   D.) side of the stock
Southeast District Rifle Test Bank Answer Key

General Multiple Choice Questions:

1.) “Follow through” means:
   A.) opening your bolt after firing  
   B.) maintaining your “hold” until well after the shot breaks 
   C.) look to see where you hit  
   D.) applies only to basketball  
   Answer: B

2.) The major parts of a rifle are:
   A.) bolt, stock, trigger 
   B.) sights, forearm, stock 
   C.) trigger, bolt, barrel 
   D.) stock, barrel, action  
   Answer: D

3.) A peep is an example of a(n):
   A.) optical sight  
   B.) open sight 
   C.) aperture sight 
   D.) variable scope sight  
   Answer: C

4.) Is a .22 long rifle cartridge a:
   A.) rim fire 
   B.) center fire 
   C.) belted 
   D.) none of the above  
   Answer: A

5.) The safety on a firearm is:
   A.) located by the trigger guard 
   B.) a mechanical device which can fail 
   C.) a positive way to keep the trigger from being pulled 
   D.) pushed to “fire” position when ready to hunt 
   Answer: B

6.) A firearm should be stored:
   A.) loaded and in a case 
   B.) soaked in cleaning solvent 
   C.) locked together with ammunition 
   D.) unloaded, cleaned and locked  
   Answer: D
7.) The four types of rifle action are:
   A.) pump, lever, bolt, double-barrel
   B.) single shot, pump, auto loading, lever
   C.) bolt, lever, semi auto, pump
   D.) single shot, lever, bolt, pump
   Answer: C

8.) The part of a rifle that allows a shooter to load, shoot, and unload the rifle is called the:
   A.) bolt
   B.) safety
   C.) action
   D.) breech block
   Answer: C

9.) The most challenging shooting position to master is the:
   A.) kneeling position
   B.) sitting position
   C.) standing position
   D.) prone position
   Answer: C

10.) When picking up or accepting a firearm from another person, you should determine if the:
   A.) safety is on
   B.) firearm is unloaded
   C.) magazine is in place
   D.) barrel is obstructed
   Answer: B

11.) The .22 long rifle is dangerous as far as:
   A.) Under 400 yards.
   B.) 1 mile and over.
   C.) 10 miles
   D.) 10 yards
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12.) The key to squeezing the trigger is called what?
   A.) shooting
   B.) sight picture control
   C.) position
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   Answer: D

13.) Sights used on a rifle are:
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   B.) peep, ramp, bead
   C.) open, optical, aperture
   D.) open, ramp, telescopic
   Answer: C
14.) Ammunition should be kept in a ________________ dry place.
   A.) Hot  Answer: B
   B.) Cool
   C.) Public
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   B.) Bore
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16.) The two basic types of rifle cartridges are ___________ and _________________.
   A.) Rimfire, Centerfire  Answer: A
   B.) Dry, Centerfire
   C.) Rimfire, Shell
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    you want your shot or group to move.
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   C.) Don’t’ every move
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     center of the target.
   A.) Breath Control  Answer: D
   B.) Follow-Through
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   A.) Right  Answer: C
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    A.) Primer  Answer: D
    B.) Rimfire
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   A.) Live firing
   B.) Getting into position
   C.) Dry Firing
   D.) Sight Adjustment  
   Answer: C

22.) Once you have your best sight picture, ______________ the trigger straight back in a smooth, controlled motion until the rifle fires.
   A.) Pull
   B.) Jerk
   C.) Squeeze
   D.) Push  
   Answer: C

23.) The first thing to do when handling a firearm is:
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   B.) pull the trigger to be sure it is not loaded
   C.) point the muzzle in a safe direction
   D.) check the sights  
   Answer: C

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   C.) you have checked the chamber and magazine yourself
   D.) you didn’t put any ammunition in it  
   Answer: C

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   C.) remove it from the line and clear the action
   D.) sit down and remove the bolt

Answer: A

29.) When transporting a firearm, you should:
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   B.) have it unloaded and action open
   C.) have it loaded for a quick shot
   D.) none of the above

Answer: B

30.) Two of the standard range commands you may hear a Range Officer use are.
   A.) Start Firing, Stop Firing
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   C.) None of the Above

Answer: B

31.) It is important to know what is ______________ your target is.
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   B.) In front of
   C.) Beyond
   D.) None of the Above

Answer: C

32.) Which firearm carry provides the best muzzle control:
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Answer: A

33.) When cleaning your rifle you should make sure the ______________ is open and the rifle is ______________.
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   B.) Action, Unloaded
   C.) Oil, Clean
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Answer: B

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Answer: C
35.) The gauge or caliber of firearm is stamped on the:
   A.) outside of the barrel
   B.) inside of the chamber
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   D.) side of the stock

Answer: A